



HEALTH INSURANCE REFORM: A GUIDE FOR SENIORS

Medicare—which has provided health care for Americans age 65 and older for years—is working, and will be strengthened under new health reform. Reform will mean **better benefits** and **lower costs**, and will **preserve solvency for years to come**.

Without reform for all Americans, health care costs will keep rising, and jeopardize Medicare’s ability to keep covering costs. Rising costs hit seniors too—with the average Part D plus Part B premium consuming an estimated average Social Security benefit in 2010—and 16% by 2025.

The debate on reform has been intense, and often filled with frightful wrong—information.

AARP supports the health reform bill and has spoken out strongly against tactics: “We won’t stand idle when opponents of health care reform attempt to mislead the American people—and older Americans in particular—about what the system really means,” said AARP Executive Vice President Nancy LeaMond.

This guide:

- Explains what’s in the reform bill for you
- Clears up some misinformation
- Answers questions frequently asked by older Americans

WHAT'S IN THE REFORM BILL FOR SENIORS?

BETTER PRIMARY CARE

Ensuring you have access to and can spend more time with your primary care doctor, and making care is better coordinated to ensure you get recommended treatments, particularly for chronic diseases. *about 12 million seniors lack access to a primary care doctor in their community.*

LOWER DRUG COSTS

Ending the 'donut hole' for prescription drug coverage, starting with a \$250 rebate for those in 2010—and phasing out the donut hole completely over time. The reform bill will result in lower prescription drug costs for seniors, according to the non-partisan Congressional Budget Office. *evidence suggests the "donut hole" coverage gap reduces seniors' use of drugs prescribed by an average of 14%, posing a real health threat to seniors who simply cannot afford the drugs.*

FREE PREVENTIVE CARE

You will pay nothing on recommended preventive services that will keep you healthier longer. *Right now, one in five women age 50 or over did not have a mammogram in the last year, and 38% of adults age 50 or over have never had a colonoscopy – with costs often a factor.*

PROTECTION OF MEDICARE

Extending the solvency of the Medicare Trust Fund by at least nine years, to help ensure Medicare coverage for every American as they get older. *Right now, the Medicare Trust Fund is projected to be exhausted in 2017, which if not addressed, could cause cuts to services.*

TIGHTER OVERSIGHT

Focusing health care dollars on your care and benefits and cracking down on waste, fraud, abuse, and overpayments to enrich private companies. *In the last year alone, improper Medicare payments that were discovered and stopped totaled more than \$450 million.*



CLEARING UP MISINFORMATION

"UNDER HEALTH REFORM, A GOVERNMENT PANEL OR BUREAUCRAT WILL TELL ME WHEN TO DIE."

FALSE! Decisions about your health will still be made by you, your doctor, and your family. There's nothing in health reform that will take away your end of life decision-making. Earlier versions of the bill would have compensated your Medicare doctor for having a conversation with you about advance care planning at your request—but that's no longer part of reform at all.

Some scare tactics have focused on "comparative effectiveness research" in the bill to try to convince you that government panels would decide what care you can get. The bill explicitly prohibits using this research to deny any treatment or services. In reality, this research would provide doctors with the best information about what treatments work – in effect, making them smarter and better able to treat you.

"HEALTH CARE REFORM WILL LEAD TO RATIONED CARE."

FALSE! Nothing will stand between you and your doctor, or prevent you from making the best health care decisions. Reform actually takes government company bureaucrats out of the decision making process for Medicare. If you're enrolled in Medicare—improves the level of care you get, and with no government bureaucrats making decisions for you.

FALSE! Under this bill, there is no government takeover of health care. Every American will still be able to choose your own doctor and health insurance plan—and make care decisions with that doctor. The health reform bill builds on the current system of private health insurance. Indeed, according to the nonpartisan Congressional Budget Office, private insurance coverage will expand by 16 million under the reform bill.

"HEALTH CARE REFORM WILL LEAD TO GOVERNMENT TAKEOVER OF HEALTH CARE."

"HEALTH CARE REFORM WILL END MEDICARE."

FALSE! Reform is about strengthening Medicare—a part of our health care system that's working well. For Medicare enrollees, the health reform bill lowers prescription drug costs, makes preventive care free, ensures you can keep your doctor, improves the quality of your care, and extends the Medicare trust funds' solvency by nearly a decade.

FALSE! We can't afford not to fix it. Rising health care costs are hurting our families and businesses now, and driving up the budget deficit. If we do nothing, the cost of health care premiums will eat up

"WE CAN'T AFFORD NOT TO FIX HEALTH CARE COSTS DURING THIS RECESS."

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Q. I've heard that the bill pays for providing coverage for millions more Americans by cutting billions of dollars. Won't that mean cuts to my benefits and care?

A. The Medicare cost savings in health reform affect insurance companies and health care providers, not seniors. Studies show at least 5 percent of Medicare spending currently goes to waste, fraud and abuse, and five percent is all this bill would cut. The savings are achieved by reducing excessive profits of private insurance companies; requiring hospitals, doctors, and other providers to be more efficient; calling for more coordinated care; and cracking down on waste, fraud and abuse. Studies have concluded that none of these savings will hurt seniors or cut their benefits.

The reform bill also plows some of the Medicare cost savings right back into Medicare to fund improvements in Medicare benefits for seniors (see page 2!).

Q. What if I'm on Medicare Advantage? Will Medicare Advantage plans still be available?

A. Yes, private Medicare Advantage plans will still be available under health care reform. Currently, 15 percent of America's seniors are in Medicare Advantage plans rather than in traditional Medicare. These plans have cost U.S. taxpayers more than traditional Medicare—overpaying private insurance companies by an average of 14%, and in some regions of the country as much as 20%. Those profits are paid to the insurance enrollees more. In fact, a typical older couple enrolled in traditional Medicare will pay \$900 more next year to help pay for profits to the Medicare Advantage private insurance companies. The reform bill significantly reduces these overpayments to Medicare Advantage plans.

Many MA plans will continue to offer their services under the new payment system. The plans that operate efficiently and provide extra value to their enrollees through care coordination will continue to thrive. Indeed, under the reform bill, high-quality MA plans will be able to earn bonus payments, which will encourage these plans to move toward higher quality and better care for their enrollees. If an MA plan closes in a market, people will have choices of other MA plans in their community as well as the choice of the traditional fee-for-service Medicare program to choose from.

The nonpartisan Congressional Budget Office estimates that, under health reform, there will be 10.5 million seniors enrolled in Medicare Advantage plans in 2019—not many fewer than the 10.5 million enrolled today.

Q. What if I'm a veteran and get care through the VA? Will my care be cut?

A. Not at all. Veterans' health services have seen historic funding increases under this reform and continues to improve. Nothing in health care reform will hurt or change Veterans' health care.

Q. Will there be a shortage of doctors if we're suddenly insuring millions of people who are uninsured?

A. Health reform expands the number of trained doctors in our country – to ensure that access to care is not a problem. These provisions include providing new scholarships, loans, and loan repayment for medical students, new doctors and nurses into the profession—especially primary care providers. ^{9/17} The bill will also focus on training the right kinds of doctors to meet our needs and provide incentives for them to better serve underserved areas.

